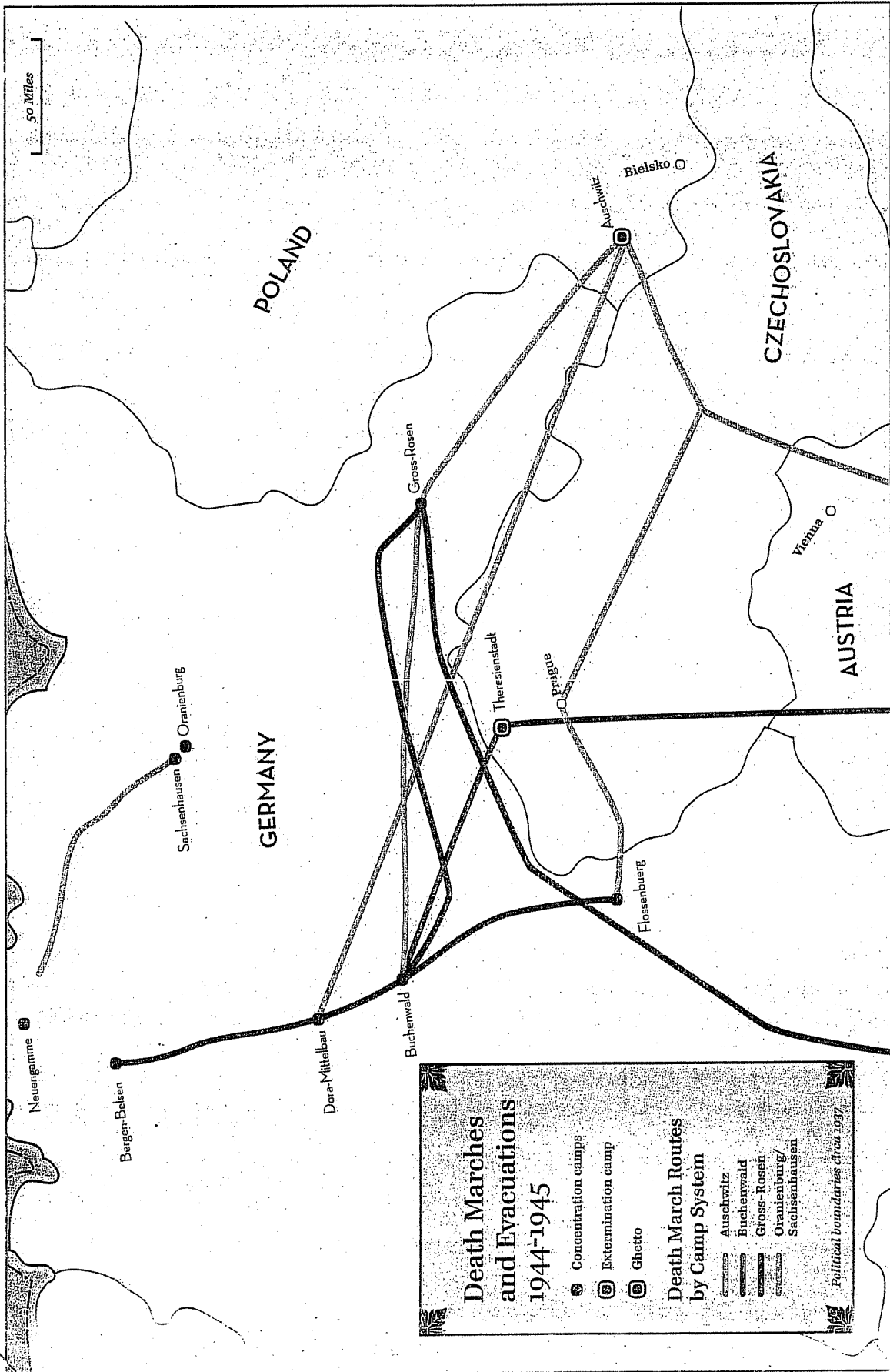


As Allied forces encircled Germany in the fall of 1944, the Nazis tried to hide their crimes, dismantling camps and evacuating prisoners on what came to be known as death marches. Gerda's march, in the bitter winter of 1945, lasted for 350 miles until she was liberated.



Some of the information found on maps is derived from materials of the U.S. Holocaust Memorial Museum, Washington, DC.